Crossref's Value in an era of Open Science

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Presenting on behalf of: American Chemical Society, Elsevier, IEEE, Springer Nature, Taylor and Francis and Wiley



Key Points



Crossref is in a unique position to solve major problems in the research communications landscape.



Publishers need more cooperation, shared infrastructure, and standards than ever.



Crossref's revenue growth is driven by content deposition fees, but the ambitions are driven increasingly by providing infrastructure beyond the core linking service.



Crossref's future growth and sustainability depends on aligning its roadmap with its funding sources.

Context | Publishers are Publishing More. And the Product Landscape is Changing.

Crossref's Focus



Articles

Growing Output (from OA)
Pre-prints



Peer Review Reports

Datasets

Methods & models

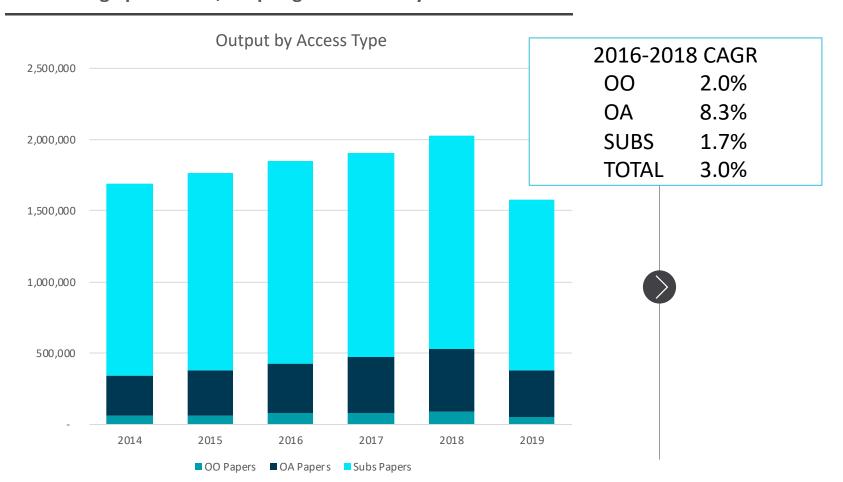
Figures

Post-publication Commentary

- ✓ Article output itself is growing
- ✓ Research content is diversifying
- ✓ Crossref was conceived to service the traditional product model (articles, books, chapters)

Publish More | Open Access introduces new economics and thus new strategies for publishers.

For large publishers, output growth is a key value driver



- ✓ New OA Titles
- ✓ Read & Publish Deals
- ✓ Cascade & Transfer
- ✓ Mega Journals
- ✓ China

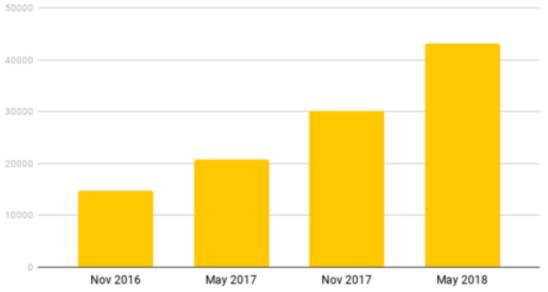
Source: Clarivate Data

Pre-prints | Becoming business as usual.

Pre-prints are growing 10x faster than journal articles...

And that was before publishers started really integrating pre-printing into their workflows

Preprints registered with Crossref



2014-18 CAGR 23.9%

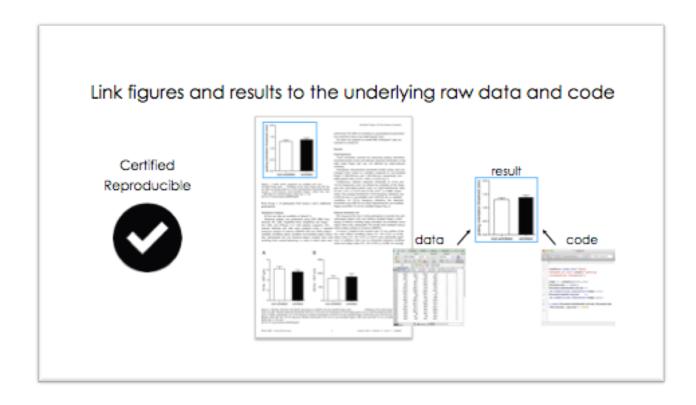






- 35-45% of authors accept the preprinting option when presented as part of a journal submission process.
- As publishers embrace integrated preprinting, the number of preprints will expand dramatically.

Artifacts | Publishers are facilitating the registration of more non-article content, which is good for science.



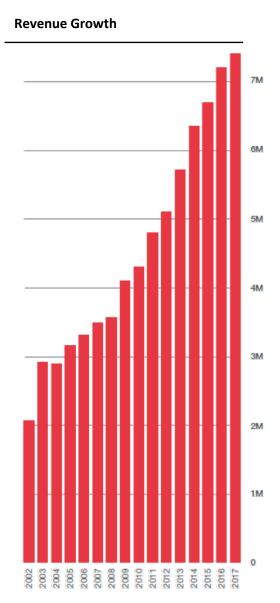
- Linear articles to linked data "reproducible articles."
- Data presented as "supporting" to core information

The largest 30 publishers comprise approximately 50% of Crossref's revenue.

Content deposition fees drive Crossref's revenue growth.

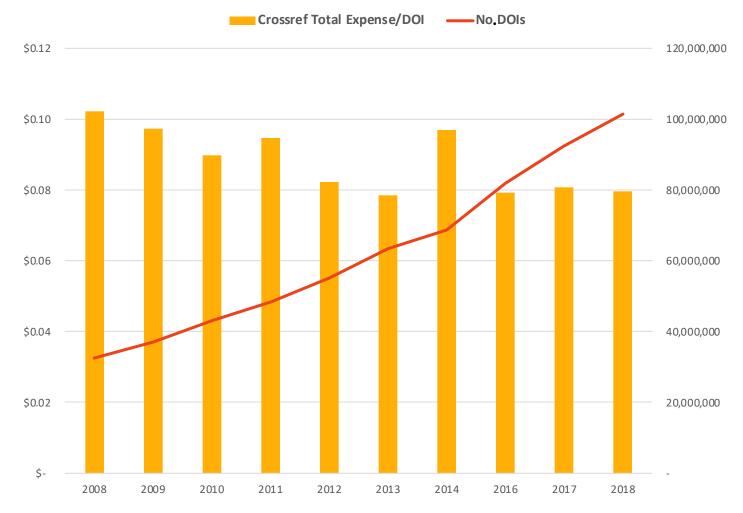
FY 2018, \$k	Total
DOI deposit fees	5,121
Member and service fees	3,101
Interest income	33
Investment return	0
Total	8,279

Total publishing revenue or expenses	Annual fee	Content type	Registration fee for current	Registrati on fee for
<\$1 million USD	\$275		records	backfiles
\$1 million - \$5 million	\$550	Journal articles, book titles, conference proceedings papers, technical reports and working papers, theses and dissertations	\$1.00	\$0.15
\$5 million - \$10 million	\$1,650			
\$10 million - \$25 million	\$3,900			
\$25 million - \$50 million	\$8,300			
\$50 million - \$100 million	\$14,000	Book Chapters	\$0.25	\$0.15
\$100 million - \$200 million	\$22,000	Preprints Peer Reviews Standards	\$0.25	\$0.15
	. ,		\$0.25	\$0.25
\$200 million - \$500 million	\$33,000		\$0.15	\$0.15
>\$500 million	\$50,000	Datasets	\$0.06	\$0.03









Despite steady reductions in technology costs and the advent of cloud computing, Crossref's total expense per DOI hosted has remained flat over the last 10 years

Source: Crossref Annual Reports, 2008-2019 https://www.crossref.org/annual-report/ Publishers have more need than ever to work together. And new funding demands for common infrastructure and standards. Yet the landscape to work together is increasingly fragmented

Examples of the common issues facing publishers....

- Author and affiliation disambiguation
- OA policy compliance
- Content security & copyright protection
- Common entitlements infrastructure
- Fraudulent submissions
- Data availability statement/data citation standard

- ✓ Crossref
- ✓ DataCite
- ✓ ORCID
- ✓ CHORUS
- ✓ Seamless Access (RA21)
- ✓ STM-STEC
 - ✓ Scholix
- ✓ NISO



Is Crossref a Scholarly Infrastructure provider or Publisher services Organization?

Thank You

Todd Toler

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